## CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



A non - selective herbicide for the control of a range of annual, perennial and woody weeds in certain situations as specified in the directions for use table.

## IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING APVMA Approval No: 63976/0809

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## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

- RESTRAINTS
   D0 NOT pray Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed if rain is likely to occur within 6 hours. Heavy rainfall within 2 hours after application may wash the chemical off the foliage and a repeat treatment may be required
   D0 NOT add extra surfactant or mix with other agricultural chemicals, herbicide oils or any other materials unless specifically directed on the label.

### **General Weed Contro**

Situation	<b>Critical C</b>
General weed control in Domestic areas (home garden)Commercial, Industrial and Public Service Areas, agricultural buildings and other	• Fi • R
farm situations.	• A • A
For specific weeds, brush, perennial weeds, woody weeds, and/or unwanted trees refer to the appropriate Weeds Controlled table.	Refer to apparticular
	particula

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS** Freezone Givphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed Liquid Concentrate Herbicide is a non-selective, water soluble liquid herbicide effective in the control of many annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds in crop areas, land preparations and non-crop areas. Its not recommended for use prior to transplanting tomato seedlings. The product is inactivated in soil and does not provide residual weed control. For residual control see tank mixtures section of this label. Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed is absorbed by the plant foliage and green starts and moves through the plant from point of contract to root system. Visible effects are gradual yellowing, and willing of the plant which advances to complete browning of growth above the ground and deterioration of underground plant parts. These effects take 3 to 7 days on annual weeds, whereas on perennial weeds it may take 2 to 3 weeks or longer depending on weather conditions following surving.

following spraying. Do not disturb treated weeds by cultivation, sowing or grazing for one day after treatment of annual weeds and 7 days for

Do not disturb treated weeds by cuttivation, sowing or grazing for one day after treatment of annual weeds and / days for perennial weeds to ensure uptake of hetbicide. Nowever to ensure herbicide absorption, grazing of treated areas should be delayed at least one day after treatment of annual weeds and / days for greennial weeds. Ortain plants such as soursob, St. Johns Wort and Bracken, may be naturally toxic to stock. Where known toxic plants are present, grazing should be delayed until complete browning of treated plants has occurred. Do not treat weeds until complete browning of treated plants has occurred. Do not treat weeds under goor growing or domrant conditions (such as occur in drought, waterlogging, disease, insect damage or following trosts) as reduced weed control may result. Reduced efficacy may also occur when treating weeds heaving covered with dust or sitt. Delay treatment of plants wet with dew or rain if water droplets run-off when plants are disturbed.

## Resistant Weeds Warning GROUP M HERBICIDE

Resistant weeds warning <u>IRMOUP IN HEREICUE</u> Freezone Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed Liquid Concentrate Herbicide is a member of the glycine group of herbicides. The product has the inhibitors of EPSP synthase mode of action. For weed resistance management, the product is a Group M herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other Group M herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. The resistant weeds will not be controlled by this product or other Group M herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds in difficult to detect prior to use, Freezone Public Health Phy Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant weeds.

## MIXING

- MIXING

   This product mixes readily with water. The following procedure for mixing should be undertaken:

   Clean spray tank, pumps, lines and nozzles and assure it is free from residues of previous spray materials.

   Pill the spray tank with half the required amount of clean water and start agitation. Add the recommended herbicide/ insecticide to the spray tank, mix throoughly and then add the required amount of Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Turfweed and mix well before adding the remaining water.

   If surfactant is required, add this last to minimise tearning. The use of mechanical agitator as is not recommended as they may cause excessive foaming.

   Agitate well before and during spraying.
   2.
- 3.
- 4.

Always use clean water when preparing the spray solution, since hard water containing calcium salts could inactivate glyphosate. Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied only in stainless steel, aluminium, brass, copper, fibreglass, plastic or plastic lined spray tanks. Do not mix or store the product or spray solutions in galvanized steel or unlined steel (except stainless steel). Use the spray solution promptly.

## TANK MIXES

Herbicides Herbicides This product may be mixed with the following products. Read and follow all label directions, restraints, plant back periods, withholding periods, safety directions etc for the tank mix product. Chlorsulturion (750g/kg), Metsulturon methyl (600 g/kg), Yield', Stomp', Tillmaster CT', Triasulturon (750g/kg), LVE MCPA, Goal' CT, Flandor' 500, dicamba, 2,4-0 Ester, sulfometuron methyl Atrazines/Simazines. Do NOT apply atrazine tank mixes for barmyard grass control. Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed may be tank mixed with Atrazine Flowable or Simazine Flowable for knockdown and residual weed control

Calify Disale 300 Audiatic full week and the full and the

## For the control of many grasses and broadleaf weeds. Rate 10 mL/L for the control of most weeds.

al Comments

Apply when weeds are actively growing. Apply when weeds are actively growing. Apply to ensure complete and uniform wetting of foliage/leaves. Visible symptoms for control may take from 3-7 days to develop for annual weeds

to appropriate Tables in the attached leaflet for information on the control of specific weeds in

## GENERAL USES

For all States unless noted	
SITUATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Non-Agricultural Areas Around buildings Commercial Domestic Industrial and Public service areas Rights of way	For residual control of annual weeds Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed can be tank-mixed with simazine and other residual herbicides permitted for non agricultural use. Refer to "Tank—Mixtures" section.
Agricultural areas	Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed may be used for the control of annual and perennial weeds as directed, in agricultural land prior to the sowing of any edible or non-edible crop, but NOT prior to transplanting seedling tomatoes.
Aquatic Areas For the control of emerged weeds in all fresh and brackish water which may be flowing, non-flowing or transient. Also for weeds on sides or banks of streams, lakes and in channels and drains. (See Weed Table Below)	<ul> <li>DO NOT use additional surfactant/wetter, unless it is approved for use in aquatic situations.</li> <li>General Instructions</li> <li>Reduction in effectiveness may result if more than ¼ of the above ground portion of the weed is submerged at treatment. Submerging the treated plants following treatment may result in the spray being washed from the plant surface, thus reducing effectiveness.</li> <li>Do not apply this product within 0.5 km up-stream of a potable water intake in flowing water (i.e. river or stream etc.) or within 0.5 km of a potable water intake in a standing body of water such as a lake, pond or reservoir. Applications to moving bodies of water should be made while treaveling upstream wherever possible to prevent concentration of this herbicide in water. When making any bankside applications, do not overspray more than 0.5m into open water. Avoid spraying across moving bodies of water, or where weeds do not exist.</li> <li>When spraying floating weeds, use a low volume, low pressure boom sprayer, C.D.A., or sprinkler sprayer. Do not submerge the weeds when spraying as this may wash the herbicide off the leaves.</li> <li>When emerged infestations require treatment of the total surface area of impounded water, treating the area in strips may avoid sudden impact on habitat.</li> </ul>
Forests	Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed can be used to control weeds prior to establishing nurseries, site preparation prior to planting and amongst established trees using directed spray or shielded spray or wiper equipment. Do not allow wiper surface to contact any part or the tree. Avoid spray or spray drift contacting leaves or green bark on trees as severe injury may occur.
HORTICULTURAL Avocado, Banana, Blueberries, Citrus fruit, Custard apples, Duboisia, Figs - dessert, Guava, Kiwifruit, Litchi, Mango, Monstera - fruit, Nuts (including Almond, Pecan, Macadamia, Pistachio and Walnut), Olives, Pawpaw, Persimmons, Porne fruit, Raspberries, Stone fruit, Tea, Vineyards.	Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed can be applied as a directed or shielded spray or using wiper equipment. DO NOT apply as a spray near trees or vines less than 3 years old unless they are shielded from spray and spray drift. DO NOT allow wiper to contact any part of the tree or vine. For citrus, nuts, olive, pome fruit and vineyards - Avoid spray or spray drift contacting buds, leaves, green stems, canes or laterals, suckers, fresh wounds or fruits as severe injury may occur. Tea - apply a maximum of 4L/ha by shielded boom or directed off centre nozzle or 0.5L/100L by directed handgun or knapsack to avoid application to the crop. ALL other crops: DO NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact any part of the plant including the trunk. NOTE: Extreme care is required where split bark on Kiwi fruit and green stems of paw paw are present. May be mixed with other herbicides to provide residual control of some annual weeds. See tank mixture/ compatibility for directions.
NSW, ACT, Old only – using selective application equipment	Using Wiper equipment apply to weeds growing between crop rows or to weeds growing at least 15 cm above the crop. Do not allow wiper to contact the crop and do not allow solution to drip form the applicator or severe crop injury will result. Refer to Wiper application section of this label. Shielded Sprayers — (cotton only) apply this product to weeds growing between cotton rows. For rates of application refer to the Weeds Controlled tables. DO NOT alpoy to crops less than 20cm high. DO NOT allow spray or drift to contact any part of the cotton plant as severe injury may occur.
Onions Post-plant, pre-emergence application (TAS ONLY)	For control of annual weeds and suppression of perennial weeds including rope twitch. Apply this product at 1-3L/ha_post sowing and at least 7 days before crop is due to emerge. DO NOT apply to emerging onion plants as severe injury will result. Use the lower rate on small, actively growing annual weeds. Increase to the higher rate for larger annual weeds (over 15cm tall) and for suppression of perennial weeds.
· ·	Apply to actively growing ratoons 60 – 100cm tall when growing conditions are good. Do not apply if plants are under stress from waterlogging or low moisture. Rate: 4-9L/ha. Use the higher rate for control and the lower rate for suppression or where cultivation is to follow.
rabure	DIRECTED (SPUT) APPLICATION: This product is non selective and may damage or kill any plant in the sprayed area. Re- treatment and/or pasture improvement may be necessary to restrict seedling re-establishment. SELECTIVE APPLICATION: See WIPER EQUIPMENT BOOM APPLICATION: This product may be used to suppress existing pasture species prior to re-seeding or establishment of other crops. Where spot application (spray or wiper) is undertaken, grazing stock need not be removed. CAUTION: Certain plants may be naturally toxic to stock. Where known toxic plants are present DO NOT allow stock to graze until complete brown out has occurred.
Cotton Pre-Harvest. For the control of Bathurst Burr, Noogoora Burr, Winter annual weeds, including Sow Thistle and the seasonal suppression of Nutgrass NSW and Old only	DO NOT APPLY TO CROPS INTENDED FOR SEED PRODUCTION Apply alone or in tank mixtures with Dropp or Harvade. Apply when at least 60% of bolls are open and immature bolls can be easily cut with a sharp knife. Where a leady canopy limits spray coverage, reduced weed control can be expected. For best results under these conditions, delay application until the canopy re-opens following initial conditioning treatment. Where the control of Noopoora Burr or Nutgrass is required, treatments should be applied prior to the onset of frosts. When tank mixed with defoliants, a slightly higher proportion of cotton leaf may be retained, particularly where the higher rate is used. Read and follow all tank mix products label instructions. RATE: Apply. 2.D/ha for Nutgrass control and 1.25-2.5L/ha for the other weeds. Use the lower rate on light infestations of small weeds, when the crop canopy allows adequate spray coverage of the weeds. Increase to the higher rate when the crop canopy may limit strans concerase.
Duboisia, Figs - dessert, Guava, Kiwfiruit, Liuth, Mango, Monstera - fruit, Nuts (including Almond, Pecan, Macadamia, Pistachio and Walnut), Olives, Pawgaw, Persimmons, Pome truit, Raspberries, Stone fruit, Tea, Vineyards. Peanuts, Cotton, Soybeans, Sugar cane, Navy beans and chickpeas NSW, ACT, Old only – using selective application equipment Onions Post-plant, pre-emergence application (TAS ONLY) Sugar cane Ratoon Sprayout For the control of sugar cane ratoon regrowth in NSW and Old only Pasture	For citrus, fuits, olive, pome fruit and vineyards - Avoid spray or spray drift contacting buds, leaves, green stems, canes or laterals, suckers, fresh wounds or fruits as evere injury may occur. Tea - apply a maximum of 4L/ha by shielded boom or directed off centre nozzle or 0.5L/100L by directed handgun or knaps: to avoid application to the crop. ALL other crops: DD NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact any part of the plant including the trunk. NOTE: Extreme care is required where split bark on Kivi fruit and green stems of paw paw are present. May be mixed with other herbicides to provide residual control of some annual weeds. See tank mixture/ compatibility for directions. Using Wiper equipment apply to weeds growing between crop rows or to weeds growing at least 15 cm above the crop. Do not allow wiper to contact the crop and do not allow solution to drip form the applicator or severe crop injury will result. Refer to Wiper application section of this label. Shielded Sprayers – (cotton only) apply this product to weeds growing between cotton rows. For rates of application refer to the Weeds Controlicat tables. DO NOT allow spray or drift to contact any part of the cotton plant as severe injury may occur. For control of annual weeds and suppression of perennial weeds including rope twitch. Apply this product at 1-3L/ha, post sowing and at least 7 days before crop is due to emerge. DO NOT apply to emerging onion plants as severe injury will result. Bet et - 9L/ha. Use the higher rate on smail, actively growing annual weeds. Increase to the higher rate for larger annual weeds (over 15cm ta and for suppression of perennial weeds. Rate: 4-9L/ha. Use the higher rate for control and the lower rate for suppression or where cultivation is to follow. DIRECTED (SPOT) APPLICATION: This product is non selective and may damage or kill any plant in the sprayed area. Re- treatment androf pasture improvement may be necessary to restrict seeding re-establishiment. SELECTME APPLICATION: This product is st

cool, cloudy weather, and assist in minimising the antagonism in tank mixes of Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed and flowable triazine herbicides. Use only liquid ammonium sulphate, NOT prilled or granulated forms. Ammonium sulphate may be corrosive to metal parts of the sprayer. Thoroughly flush tanks, pumps and nozzles with water after use. **Insecticides** – this product is compatible with the following insecticides: dimethoate, Imidan1, Le-Mat<sup>1</sup>, chlorpyrifos, Sumithion<sup>1</sup> ULV and emulsifiabe concentrates of dimethoate and fenitrithion. Pulse<sup>1</sup> Penetrant (or equivalent): It is recommended to add an organosilicone penetrant at the rate of 200mL/100L spray solution when treating bracken (boom application), gorse, Eucalypt suckers and lantana.

## APPLICATION

APPLICATION Boom Equipment Use at spray volume of 75 to 200 L/ha. When using this product at 500mL-1.5L/ha spray volumes in the range of 25-10D/ha are preferred. Fan nozzles at pressure of 240 - 280 kPa is recommended. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlag of nozzle patterns at the top of the weed canopy. Knapsack and Handgun Equipment Adjust equipment to deliver a line spray pattern and ensure a complete and uniform wetting of all foliage. For handgun equipment a D6 nozzle is recommended operating at 400-700 kPa. Do not spray in conditions conducive to spray drift.

Wiper Equipment

Wiper Equipment Wiper Equipment Wiper Equipment (e.g. ropewick, carvas, felt or carpet applicators) may be used to apply Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffwedoh to weeds growing in oilseed crops, sugarcane, cotton, seed and pod vegetables, tree and vine crops specified in this label, pasture and non-crop areas. Avoid contact with desirable vegetation. Operate wiper equipment a minimum of 10cm above crop or pasture. Weeds should be at least 15cm above the crop or pasture at time of application. Speed of travel should be no greater than 8km/h. Best results are achieved at lower speeds and where two applications are made in opposite directions (double pass). Where weeds are of variable height, or occur in dense infestations or clumps, some plants may not be contacted by the herbicide solution. In these cases repeat treatment may be necessary. Mix only enough herbicide solution for immediate requirements. Do not store mixed solution for more than a few days.

Mix only enough herbicide solution for immediate requirements. Do not store mixed solution for more than a few days. Flush out equipment with water after use. RATE: Mix 11 fire of this product with 2 litres of clean water to prepare a 33% solution. This product may be used according to the above directions for suppression or control of many annual and perennial weeds. See WEEDS CONTROLLED tables for specific use recommendations. **Low volume equipment (eg gas gun or Splatter gun)** Apply as an even spray to cover all foliage Refer to "Weeds Controlled" for the dilution and volume of mixture to be applied. The dilution is specified as "Low volume product.water". For example, a 1:9 mixture equals one part Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed plus 9 parts water. **Controlled Dropiet Application Equipment (CDA)** Use the following table as oulde for achiving the correct application rates using the Micron1 Herbi or similar equipment. See WEEDS CONTROLLED tables for specific rates and use recommendations. For hand held equipment a walking speed of approximately Tm/sec (4km/h) is recommended.

	Rate of Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed delivered at 1m/sec	3 L/ha	6 L/ha	9 L/ha
	Mixture (by volume) Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed: Water	1:3	1:1	2:1
	Micron Herbi Nozzle	Rlue	Blue	Vellow

Do not add oils to Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed/water mixture, otherwise difficulty in application and reduced weed control may occur.

# CAUTION: CDA equipment produces a fine spray pattern which is not easily visible. Ensure spray pattern or drift does not contact foliage or any other green tissue of desirable plants, since severe injury or destruction may result.

destruction may result. Aerial Equipment D0 NOT use in intensive horticultural areas. Aerial equipment may only be used to apply this product in pasture or fallow situations prior to establishment of field crops, for new pasture, and for pre harvest application to sorghum and cotton crops. Use at the recommended rates up to a maximum of 4L/ha. For micronair and boom equipment, apply in a minimum spray volume of 20L/ha with a swath width of 15-17m. Droplet size (average) should be 250-350 microm. Thoroughly wash aircraft particularly landing gear after spraying to remove herbicide residues. NOTE: High temperatures and/or low relative humidity cause excessive evaporation of spray droplets which may reduce results. When temperatures exceed 25°C, increase water volume to at least 30L/ha and increase the droplet size to at least 300 microns VMD. D0 NOT apply by air when temperatures exceed 30°C. **Application on hilly terrain**: As spraying height may vary, to maximise target contact, increase water volume to 30-80L/ha and increase droplet size to at least 300 micron VMD. **PROTECTION OF WID INTER EISH CRITEATESATE ADE EVIRONMENT** 

### PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate dams, rivers or streams with the product or used containers. When controlling weeds near water, refer to label directions to minimise the entry of spray into the water.

PROTECTION OF CROP, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS. Contact with desirable plants and trees may cause severe damage or destruction. Drift Warning: DO NOT use with spraying equipment or under meteorological conditions which could be expected to cause spray drift onto nearby susceptible plants, adjacent crops, crop lands or pastures. Equipment settings which produce fine droplets (150 microns or less), winds over 8kph, inversion conditions, still air and hot dry days all contribute to drift.

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and there roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt. For refillable containers: Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

## SAFETY DIRECTIONS

SAFETY DIRECTIONS Product will initiate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When preparing product for use, wear elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash contaminated clothing, gloves and face shield or goggles. When using controlled droplet applicator, wear protective waterproof clothing and impervious footwear.

FIRST AID f poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126.

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET Additional information is listed in the MSDS available on our website - www.freezone.net.au

## AQUATIC WEED CONTROL

Aquatic Areas For the control of emerged weeds in all fresh and brackish water which may be flowing, non-flowing or transient. Also for weeds on sides or banks of streams, lakes and in channels and drains. (See Weed Table Below)	ALL STATES	D0 NOT use additional surfactant/wetter, unless it is approved for use in aquatic situations.           General Instructions           1.         Reduction in effectiveness may result if more than ¼ of the above ground portion of the weed is submerged at treatment. Submerging the treated plants following treatment may result in the spray being washed from the plant surface, thus reducing effectiveness.           2.         Do not apply this product within 0.5 km up-stream of a potable water intake in flowing water (i.e. river or stream etc.) or within 0.5 km of a potable water intake in a standing body of water such as a lake, pond or reservoir. Applications to moving bodies of water should be made while travelling upstream wherever possible to prevent concentration of this herbicide in water. When making any bankside applications, do not overspray more than 0.5 m into open water. Avoid spraying across moving bodies of water, or where weeds do not exist.           4.         When emerged intestations require treatment of the total surface area of impounded water, treating the area in strips may avoid sudden impact on habitat.				
Weeds Controlled	State	Handgun vol/1L	Rate Knapsack mL/15L	Boom L/ha	Critical Comments	
Alligator weed	All States	10 mL	150mL	-	Apply when actively growing, from Summer through Winter. Floating form only.	
Brown beetle grass	NSW, ACT only	5 mL	-	3L	Apply to actively growing plants. Do not apply to partially submerged plants.	
Cumbungi ( <i>Typha spp.</i> )	All States	13 mL	200mL	9L	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head to full head stage (summer-autumn). Retreatment may be required to restrict seedling re-establishment. Wiper application is recommended (not Tasmania). See <b>Wiper Equipment</b> section.	
Glyceria	Tas only	10 mL	-	6L	Apply to actively growing plants at the mature head stage in the late summer/autumn. Not more than ¼ of the weed should be submerged at the time of treatment.	
Paragrass ( <i>Brachiara mutica</i> )	All States	13 mL	200mL	9L	Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the early head stage.	
Phragmites, Common Reed (Phragmites australis)	All States	13 mL	200mL	9L	Apply to actively growing, fully developed plants approaching the early head stage. Visible symptoms of control may be slow to develop and may not be fully apparent until the next season. For wiper application see <b>Wiper Equipment</b> section.	
Rushes ( <i>Juncus spp.</i> )	All States		-	-	Apply by wiper equipment to actively growing plants. Where there is a large proportion of dead toliage, pre-slashing is recommended. Allow adequate regrowth before treatment. Refer Wiper Equipment section for application instructions.	
Sedge, Tall ( <i>Carex appressa</i> )	NSW, ACT, Vic Tas Only	5 – 10 mL	75mL or 150mL	2L or 4L	Apply to actively growing plants in flowering to post-flowering period (Oct-Ap). Use the lower rate only if the stand has been slashed prior to treatment. Re-treatment may be necessary. Visible symptoms may not be fully apparent for up to 3 months. Use of CDA equipment is not recommended.	
Water Couch ( <i>Paspalum</i> distichum)	All States	13 mL	200mL	9L	Apply to actively growing plants in late summer- autumn (Feb-Mar). Do not treat after March because of the onset of winter domanov. Full results may not be visible until the following spring. Not more than ¼ of the weed should be submerged at the time of treatment.	
Water Hyacinth	All States	10 – 13 mL	150-200mL	6L - 9L	Apply when actively growing and at or beyond the early bloom stage of growth. Use the higher rate for dense infestations.	
Water Lettuce	All States	10 – 13 mL	150-200mL	-	Best results are obtained from mid-summer through to winter. Use the higher rate on dense infestations.	
Waterlily, Yellow	All States	10 mL	150mL	6L	Apply when there is a maximum emergence of floating leaves. Allow 2-3 weeks for symptoms to develop, then retreat any unaffected plants. Use low volume sprayer.	

### UNWANTED TREES - FOR NSW, ACT, QLD, WA, TAS, VIC, NT ONLY Restraints: DO NOT apply to trees under stress or to trees that are not actively growing.

METHOD	UNWANTED TREES	TREE SIZE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Stem Injection	Flooded gum, Ghost gum, Gum topped bloodwood, Messmate stringybark, Narrowleaf Ironbark, Pink bloodwood,	Basal dia. to 25cm	Undiluted 1mL/cut	Use a specially calibrated applicator which can deliver 1 or 2mL. Make a cut at an oblique angle about 5cm deep. Ensure cut penetrates the bark to the sap steam and that product is injected as soon as possible after the cut has been made. Cuts should be 13cm apart around the tree below any branching. Remove or treat branches below the cut. For multi stemmed trees treat each stem as an individual tree.	
	Poplar Box, Privet, Rhus, Spotted gum, Silverleaf Ironbark, Silvertop ash (Ironbark), Swamp Mahogany, White mahogany, Willows	Basal dia. over 25cm to 60cm	Undiluted 2mL/cut		
	Camphor Laurel	Basal dia. to 25cm	Mixture 1:1 2mL/cut		
		Basal dia. over 25cm to 60cm	Undiluted 2mL/cut		
Foliar application: Low volume (Gas gun or Splatter gun)	Bullich, Marri, Jarrah	0-1.5m height	1:15 Add Pulse at 20mL/10L spray mixture	Dilute product in the recom- mended ratio. Calibrate splatter gun to apply 5mL of solution per dose, as a fine spray. Apply 5mL per 0.5m tree height. Ensure spray contacts all foliage.	
	Eucalyptus spp.	0-1.5m height	1:5 Add Pulse at 20mL/10L spray mixture		
Cut stump	Jarrah, Longleaf box, Marri, Messmate Strinybark, Narrowleaf peppermint	0-10cm basal dia.	1:15	Dilute the product with water at the recommended use rate. Cut tree close to the ground and im- mediately wet the stump surface	
	Privet, Rhus	0-30 cm basal dia.	1:1	mediately wet the stump surface by swab, spray, splatter gun or brush. Remove any branches on the stump ant treat the surface.	
Foliar application: High volume (Knapsack or handgun)	Eucalyptus species Willows	0-2.0m in height	1.0 – 1.3L per 100L When treating Eucalyptus species add Pulse at 200mL/100L spray mixture.	Ensure all foliage is wet. Use the higher rate for trees 1 to 2 m high.	

## ANNUAL WEEDS - NON CULTIVATED SITUATIONS

FOR ALL STATES						
WEEDS CONTROLLED	APPLICATION RAT Handgun Vol/1L	Knapsack Per 15 L	Boom L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS		
Amaranth (Amaranthus sp.), Barley grass, Hordeum leporinum, Barnyard grass Echinochloa spp., Brome Grass Bromus spo., Caltrop Tribulus terrestris, Canary Grass Phalaris spo., Capeweed Arctotheca calendula, Volunteer Cereals (Wheat, barley, oats, sorghum), Chickweed Stellaria media, Doublegee (Spiny ernex) Ernex australis, Erodulm Erodium spp., Furnitory Furnaria officinalis/ Furnaria muralis, Grodum Erodium spp., Furnitory Furnaria officinalis/ Furnaria muralis, Grodum Cherry Physalis viscosa, Lesser Swinecress Coronopus didymus, Liverseed Grass, Urochica panicoides, Mintweed Salvia reflexa, Paradoxa grass Phalaris paradoxa, Paterson's Curse Echium plantagineum, Pigweed Portulaca oleracea, Ryegrass Lollium rigidum, Saffron thistle, Carthamus lanatus, Silver Grass Vulpia spp., Spurge Euphorbia spp., Sub. Clover Tirfolium subterrameum, Thomapple Datura spp., Wild Oats Avena fatua, Wild Turnip Brassica tournefortii, Winter grass Poa annua, Variegated thistle Silyburn marianum	5 mL to 7 mL per 1L	75mL to 100mL	2L to3L	<ul> <li>Apply only to plants which are actively growing and not suffering stress.</li> <li>The effects of Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed may not be apparent for 3-7 days under normal conditions and up to 20-30 days in cool conditions.</li> <li>Use lower rates when emerged weeds are less than 15cm in diameter and the higher rate for weeds over 15 cm in diameter.</li> <li>Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed is non residual. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control later germinations of weeds.</li> <li>Tank-mixes of Atrazine Flowable or Simazine Flowable with Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed will provide residual control. Refer to "Tank Mixtures" Section.</li> <li>For Wiper Equipment and Controlled Droplet Applicators see Application section</li> </ul>		

## PERENNIAL WEEDS - NON CULTIVATED SITUATIONS

PERENNIAL WEEDS - NON CULTIVATED SITUATIONS					
WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	Handgun/ Knapsack Vol/1L	APPLICATION RATE Boom L/Ha	Low volume Product: water	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Bamboo ( <i>Bambusa spp.</i> )	All States	10mL	Boom Bria	-	Apply to actively growing foliage and/or regrowth which is between 1m and 2m tall. Cut stump: dilute to 1:6 ie mix 1 part Glyphosate 360 Aquatic Tuffweed plus 6 parts water. Cut stems back to 20cm high, pour mixture down hollow stem or wet the cut.
Popt grace	Vic, Tas only	Vic, Tas only	2.5L		
Bent grass	.,	.,	2.JL	-	Apply to actively growing plants in late spring when they have some seed-head development, but before summer moisture stress. Follow-up management is required. Full disturbance with a typed implement should follow 10-21 days after spraying. Then follow with a summer crop and/or re-seeded pasture or crop in the following autumn.
Blady grass	Qld NSW, ACT only	13mL	9L	-	Apply to actively growing plants in the early head stage.
Bitou bush/ Bone seed Chrysanthemoides monilifera	Qld, NSW Vic, Tas, ACT only	5 or 10mL		1:29 or 1:19	Plants must be actively growing. Do not spray bushes under stress. Best results will be achieved during Winter when bushes are flowering. As no residual control is provided, further treatment of germinating weed seedlings may be necessary. Use the higher rate (1:19) on bushes over 1.5m high. LOW VOLUME APPLICATION: (eg Splatter gun gas gun): Ensure spray contacts all foliage. Use the higher rate (1:19) on bushes over 1.5m high
Blackberry, <i>Rubus fruticosus</i> L. agg	All States	10-13 mL	-	-	Apply from January to May (flowering to leaf fall). Spray plants which are not under stress to thoroughly wet all foliage but not to cause excessive run off. Use the Higher Rate for dense, old stands over 2m high. Visible symptoms may not be fully apparent until next season. Burning (after complete brown out), pasture improvement and/or further treatment may be needed to control seedlings and regrowth. The use of CDA equipment is not recommended. TAS ONLY- Do not spray bushes bearing mature fruit.
Boxthorn, African Lycium ferocissimum	All States	7-10 mL		-	Spray to wet all foliage but not to cause excessive run off. Use the Lower Rate for young bushes and the Higher Rate for bigger mature bushes. Burning (after complete brown out), pasture improvement and/or further treatment may be needed to control seedlings and regrowth. Do not spray during hot, dry summer periods. The use of CDA equipment is not recommended.
Bracken Pteridium esculentum	All States	15 mL	9L		For boom application always add Pulse1 Surfactant (200mL per 100L spray). Wiper application is recommended (see Wiper Equipment section). Slash bracken in previous spring/summer. Apply in March-May to completely unfurled fronds, actively growing. Visible symptoms may not be visible until next season. Follow up application is recommended Preferably associated with Pasture improvement) to achieve complete control.
Carpet Grass Axonopus spp.	All States	5mL	3L		Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the early head stage.
Cocksfoot Dactylis glomerata	All States	7mL 13mL	3L		Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the early head stage.
Couch Cynodon dactylon Crofton Weed	All States Qld, NSW, ACT only	5mL	9L	-	For Couch in SA and WA apply in October - November. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the early head stage. Apply to plants with full foliage which are actively growing. Spray to wet all foliage but not to cause excessive run off. Seedling germination may have to be retreated.
Flatweed/ Cats Ear ( <i>Hypochoeris radicata</i> )	All States	7mL	3		Apply to fully developed rosettes at the early flower stage.
Gorse ( <i>Furze</i> )	All States	10mL + Pulse1 2 mL	-		Apply to actively growing plants. May be applied all year round. Always add Pulse. Spray to wet all foliage. Burning (after complete brownout) pasture improvement and/or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth.
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Groundsel Bush ( <i>Baccharis halimifolia</i> )	Qld, NSW & ACT only	7mL-10mL	-	1:9	Apply to actively growing plants using the higher rate for plants over 2m tall. Do not spray plants during summer drought stress conditions or during winter. Spray to wet all foliage. Further treatment and/or pasture improvement are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth. LOW VOLUME application: (eg Splatter gun and gas gun): Use 1:9 mixture (10%) of this product : water. Apply 2 x 2mL doses per 0.5m bush height. Ensure spray contacts all foliage. Use of CDA equipment is not recommended.
Guinea Grass Panicum maximum	All States	13mL	9L		Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the early head stage. For Wiper application see Wiper equipment.
Hawthorn ( <i>Crataegus spp.</i> )	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA,	10-13mL		1:9	
	ACT only		1.5L		Spray from flowering to leaf fall. Plants must be actively growing. Spray to thoroughly wet all foliage. Use the higher rate for plants over 2m tall. Burning (after complete brownout) pasture improvement and/or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth. LOW VOLUME application: (eg Splatter gun and gas gun Use 1:9 mixture (10%) of this product: water. Apply 2 x 5mL doses per 0.5m bush height. Ensure spray contacts all foliage. Analy the actively growing and gas gun Use 1:9 mixture (10%) of this product: water. Apply 2 x 5mL doses per 0.5m bush height. Ensure spray contacts all foliage.
Hoary Cress (Cardia draba)	NSW, ACT Vic, Tas only	5mL			Apply to actively growing plants which are not under stress. Best results are obtained if application is made late July-September at late rosette to flowering stage. Application may be integrated with long fallow. Cultivation may start 7 days after spraying. Wiper application may be used where sufficient stem elongation occurs (see Wiper Equipment). TAS: Add a non-ionic surfactant (50-60% ai) at 200-250mL/100L spray.
Johnson Grass, <i>Sorghum halepense</i> , Kangaroo Grass, <i>Themeda australis</i> , Kikuyu Grass, <i>Pennisetum clandestinum</i>	All States	10mL	6L	-	Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the early head stage. For wiper application on Johnson grass, off-type and volunteer sorghum, see Wiper Equipment.
Lantana ( <i>Lantana camara</i> )	Qld, NSW, ACT & NT only	10mL		1:9	Apply to plants with full foliage which are actively growing. Spray to thoroughly wet all foliage. Do not spray when plants are drought stressed in the summer. Pasture improvement, burning (after complete brown out) and/or retreatment of seedling regrowth may be required. Addition of Puse (2001L/ 100L) may improve control. LOW VOLUME application: (eg Splatter gun and gas gun Use 1:9 mixture (10%) of this product : water. Apply 2:x 2mL doses per 0.5m bush height. Ensure spray contacts all foliage. Sprinkler Sprayer: Apply 6mL of a 1:9 solution to every square metre of treated area. Use of CDA equipment is not recommended.
Ludwigia peruviana	All States	10mL	-		Apply when actively growing and at or beyond the early bloom stage of growth, but before autumn colour changes occur. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.
Love grass (African) ( <i>Eragrostis curvula</i> )	NSW, ACT Vic, WA only	10mL	6L	-	Apply to actively growing plants. To restrict seedling re-establishment pasture improvement is recommended.
Mistflower ( <i>Eupatorium riparium</i> )	Qld, NSW, ACT only	5mL	-	1:9	Apply to plants with full foliage which are actively growing. Spray to thoroughly wet all foliage. Further treatment and/or pasture improvement may be necessary to restrict seedling re- establishment. Sprinkler Sprayer: Apply 3mL of a 1:9 (10%) solution to every square metre of treated area.
Nutgrass (Cyperus rotundus)	All States	10mL	6L	-	NON CULTIVATED SITUATIONS: Apply to actively growing plants in late Summer/Autumn (Feb-April) when at least 20% have reached the head stage.
Does not refer to other Cyperus species which may be known locally as nutgrass.		7mL + 7mL	3L + 3L	-	ARABLE LAND: Make first application when at least 20% of plants have reached early head stage (about Feb). Wait for most plants to re-emerge (6-8 weeks) then make a second treatment. Follow up treatments may be necessary as further plants emerge.
Pampas grass ( <i>Cortaderia sp.</i> )	All States	10mL or 13mL	-		Use the higher rate for plants over 1m high. Apply during spring, summer or autumn. Plants must be actively growing. For best results ensure complete coverage of foliage and apply after flowering. Plants may first be slashed or burnt and regrowth (over 1m) may be treated.
Paragrass (Brachiara mutica)	All States,	13mL	9		Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage.
Paspalum Paspalum dilitatum	, in oracio,	10mL	6L		
Pellitory	NSW, ACT only	10mL	-		Apply to actively growing plants prior to seeding. Repeat applications may be required to control seedlings or regrowth.
Phalaris ( <i>Phalaris aquatica</i> )	NSW, ACT Vic, SA only	5mL-10mL	3–6L	-	Apply in winter-spring to actively growing plants. Use lower rate where knockdown is required eg prior to burning fire breaks. Burning can usually begin 14-21 days after spraying. Use the higher rate for longer term control.
Plantains	All States	7mL	3L		Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage. Symptoms may be slow to develop.
Prairie Grass ( <i>Bromus unioloides</i> ), Qld Blue Grass ( <i>Dichanthium sericeum</i> ), Red-leg Grass ( <i>Bothriocloa ambigua</i> ), Rhodes Grass ( <i>Chloris qayana</i> )	All States	10mL	6L		Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage.
Rope twitch	Vic, Tas only	10mL	6L	-	Apply in late summer-autumn to actively growing plants with foliage at least 20cm high. To ensure maximum shoot emergence the area should NOT be cultivated in the period from the preceding Winter until the time of spraving.
Sifton bush/ Chinese scrub (Cassinia arcutata)	Qld, NSW, ACT only	10 or 13mL	-	1:0	Apply to actively growing plants ensuring complete coverage. Further treatment and/or pasture improvement may be necessary to restrict seedling re-establishment. Use the higher rate on bushes over 1m fail. LOW VOLUME: Apply 40mL per 0.5m height. WIPER APPLICATION: Double pass application is required. Application is best made to small (less than 1m) green bushes.
Silverleaf nightshade (Solanum elaeagnifolium)	NSW, ACT only	20mL	-	-	Use ONLY under solutions and the second solution of the second se
Sorrel ( <i>Rumex acetosella</i> )	All States	10mL	6L		Apply to actively growing plants when the majority of plants are at the early bud stage.
Soursob ( <i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i> )	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, WA,	5mL	1.5L	-	Best results are achieved if plants are treated before senecence (plant yellowing) which occurs from late July to early September. Plants should be actively growing and not under stress. If
· · · · ·	SA only		21		foliage area has been reduced eg due to frosting or grazing allow regrowth to about 5cm before treatment.
St John's Wort (Hypericum perforatum)	All States	5mL	3L		Apply to actively growing plants at flowering to post flowering, procumbent stem stage (about Nov-May). To prevent seedling re-establishment, pasture improvement or re-treatment may be necessary.
Sweet Briar ( <i>Rosa rubiginosa</i> )	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas, WA only	15 – 29mL	-	1:9	Apply from late flowering to leaf fall. Plants must be actively growing. Spray to thoroughly wet all foliage. Use the Lower Rate for bushes under 1.5m tall. Burning (after complete brown out), pasture improvement and/or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth. LOW VOLUME APPLICATION (eg Splatter gun or gas gun): Apply 2 x 5mL dose per 0.5m bush height. Ensure spray contacts all foliage.
Thistle – Artichoke ( <i>Cynara cardunculus</i> )	SA, Vic only	5mL	3L	-	Apply at the rosette to early head stage.
Thistle – Californian ( <i>Circium arvense</i> )	Vic, Tas only	10mL	6L	-	Apply to actively growing plants at the flowering stage. To ensure maximum shoot emergence the area should not be cultivated prior to spraying. Re-treatment and/or pasture improvement may be necessary to restrict seedling re-establishment.
Yorkshire Fog Holcus lanatus	All States	7 mL	3L		Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage.

## NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION. WITHHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED